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Nos. 41, 42, 43 & 44 West St.,
NEW YORK.

A TEMPERANCE HOUSE.
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.
ROOMS 50 and 75 cents per Day. CHARGES
very MODERATE. The best meats and vegeta-
bles in the market. BEST BEDS in the
City.
B. T. BABBITT, Proprietor.

CLARK PICKENS,
General Blacksmith

PARISH, N. Y.
SHOP NEAR THE DEPOT.
Special attention given to

Horse Shoeing and Ox Shoeing.
Mr. Pickens has the only convenience for ox
shoeing in this vicinity. Terms low. Work
well done and no unnecessary delay by waiting,
as Mr. Pickens intends to be at his shop con-
stantly.
Parish, July 18, 1873.

H. C. BEALS,
Photographer,
Jefferson St., Mexico, N. Y.

All the latest styles of Pictures, from Life size
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Coloring in Oil or Water Colors done to order.
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FRAMES TO SUIT PURCHASERS.

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VEGETABLE SICILIAN
HAIR
RENEWER.

Every year increases the popularity
of this valuable Hair Preparation;
which is due to merit alone. You can
assure out old patrons that it is kept
fully up to its high standard; and it
is the only reliable and perfected pre-
paration for restoring GRAY OR FADING
HAIR to its youthful color, making it
soft, lustrous, and silken. The scalp,
by its use, becomes white and clean.
It removes all eruptions and dandruff,
and, by its tonic properties, prevents
the hair from falling out, as it stimu-
lates and nourishes the hair-follicles.
By its use, the hair grows thicker and
stronger. In baldness, it restores the
capillary glands to their normal vigor,
and will create a new growth, except
in extreme old age. It is the most
economical HAIR DRESSING ever used,
as it requires fewer applications, and
gives the hair a splendid glossy ap-
pearance. A. A. Hayes, M.D., State
Assayer of Massachusetts, says: "The
constituents are pure, and carefully
selected for excellent quality; and I
consider it the BEST PREPARATION
for the intended purposes."
Sold by all Druggists, and Dealers in Medicines.
Price One Dollar.

Buckingham's Dye

FOR THE WHISKERS.

Our Renower in many cases re-
stores the hair to its original color, and
is a perfect cure for gray hair. It is
made of purest materials, and is
entirely safe. It will quickly and
easily accomplish this result. It
is easily applied, and produces a color
which will neither rub nor wash off.
Sold by all Druggists. Price Fifty
cents.

Manufactured by R. P. HALL & CO.,
NASHUA, N.H.



DR. FLINT'S

QUAKER BITTERS

These celebrated Bitters are com-
posed of choice Roots, Herbs, and
Barks, among which are Gen-
tiana, Sarsaparilla, Wild Cherry,
Dandelion, Juniper, and other
herbs, and are so prepared as to
retain all their medicinal quali-
ties. They invariably cure or
greatly relieve the following com-
plaints: Dyspepsia, Jaundice,
Liver Complaint, Loss of Appetite,
Headache, Bilious Attacks,
Remittent and Intermittent Fe-
vers, Ague, Cold Chills, Rheuma-
tism, Summer Complaints, Piles,
Kidney Diseases, Female Dif-
culties, Lassitude, Low Spirits,
General Debility, and, in fact,
everything caused by an impure
state of the blood, or a deranged
condition of Stomach, Liver, or
Kidneys. The aged find in the
Quaker Bitters a gentle, soothing
stimulant, so desirable in their
declining years. No one can re-
main long unwell (unless afflicted
with an incurable disease) after
taking a few bottles of the Quaker
Bitters.

Prepared by Dr. H. S. Flint & Co.
At their Great Medical Depot,
PROVIDENCE, R.I.
FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance
of an order of Timothy W. Skinner, Sur-
rogate of Oswego County, notice is hereby given
to all persons having claims against Joel Mer-
chant, late of the County of Oswego, in audi-
ency, deceased, to present their accounts, with
the vouchers thereof, to W. M. Brown, at the office
of Skinner & Wright, in Mexico, N. Y., on or
before the 10th day of December, 1874, or
they will lose the benefit of the statute in such
case made and provided. Dated New Haven,
June 10, 1874.
JOEL MERCHANT, Jr.,
Executor.

SUPREME COURT.—OSWEGO COUNTY.

Daniel W. Crandall, against William J. More.
To the above named defendant, you are hereby
required to answer the complaint of the de-
fendant in this action, which has been filed with
the Clerk of the County of Oswego, and to serve
a copy of your answer on the subscriber at his
office, in Parish, Oswego County, N. Y., within
twenty days after the service of this summons
on you, exclusive of the day of service, or the
plaintiff will take judgment against you for one
hundred and forty-five dollars and seventy-five
cents, besides interest from the 10th day of July,
1874, and costs.
E. G. LYNCH, Plffs. Atty.

The complaint mentioned in the above sum-
mons was duly filed in the Oswego County
Clerk's office on the 10th day of July, 1874.
E. G. LYNCH, Plffs. Atty.

B. T. BABBITT'S
Pure Concentrated Potash
OR LYE.

Of Double the Strength of any other
SAPONIFYING SUBSTANCE.

I have recently perfected a new method of
packing my Potash, the cost of which will be
reduced, and does not injure the Soap. It is
packed in boxes containing 24 and 48 lbs. It is
sold in no other way. Directions in English
and German for making hard and soft soap with this
Potash accompany each package.

B. T. BABBITT,
224m 64 to 68 Washington St., N. Y.

Mexico Independent

And Deaf-Mutes' Journal.

MEXICO, N. Y., THURSDAY, AUG. 27, 1874.

VOLUME XIII. NUMBER 43.

TEXICO INDEPENDENT

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EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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paid unless at the option of the publisher.

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Hotel, Church street.

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to 7.00 p. m.
An appointment for any other hour can be
secured by sending the request by letter.

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Independent office, Prayne Block, Main St.

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Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Ludington
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EST. S. M. PETTINGILL & CO., 37 Park
Row, New York, 10 State Street, Boston, and
701 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, are Agents for
the Mexico Independent in the above cities, and
authorized to contract for advertising at our low-
est rates.

ESTABLISHED 1852

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GO TO MILLER'S
FOR YOUR
CARRIAGES.
FOR YOUR
WAGONS.

I am exercising the same care
in manufacturing and
selecting my goods as
I have for 22 years,
and as I have for 22
years, and it is bearing
its fruit in an increasing trade.

On hand a fine assortment of
TOP and OPEN BUGGIES, PONY
WAGONS, PLATFORM SPRING
WAGONS, &c.
If you want your old Buggies or Wagons
repaired and re-painted in a workman-
like manner take them to my shop. All
work warranted.

My prices are low to suit the times.
Remember the place, Main St.,
near Academy. LEWIS MILLER.
Mexico, April 1, 1874.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance
of an order of P. W. Skinner, Surrogate of
Oswego County, notice is hereby given to all
persons having claims against Daniel D. Lan-
ders, late of the town of New Haven, in said
county, deceased, to present their accounts, with
the vouchers thereof, to the undersigned, at his
residence in New Haven, Oswego County, N. Y.,
on or before the 17th day of October, 1874, or
they will lose the benefit of the statute in such
case made and provided. Dated New Haven,
April 16, 1874.

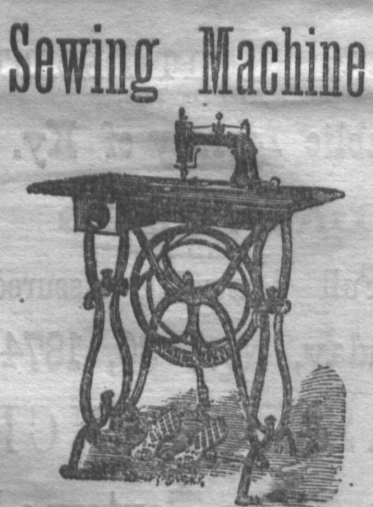
JESSE H. HALLIDAY,
Executor of the will of Daniel D. Landers,
deceased.

A New Idea!

A WILSON

SHUTTLE

Sewing Machine



FOR

50 Dollars!

FARMERS,

MERCHANTS,

MECHANICS,

AND

EVERYBODY

Buy the World-Renowned

WILSON

Shuttle Sewing Machine!

BEST IN THE WORLD!

The Highest Premium was
awarded to it at

VIENNA;

Ohio State Fair;
Northern Ohio Fair;
Amer. Institute, N. Y.;
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and Georgia State Fair;
FOR BEING THE

BEST SEWING MACHINES,

and doing the largest and best
range of work. All other
Machines in the Market
were in direct

COMPETITION!!

For Hemming, Fel-
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Binding, Braiding,
Embroidering, Quilt-
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or heavy goods it is
unsurpassed.

Where we have no Agents
we will deliver a Machine
for the price named above,
at the nearest Rail Road
Station of Purchasers.

Needles for all Sewing Ma-

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Old Machines taken in Exchange.

Send for Circulars, Price
List, &c., and Copy of the
Wilson Reflector, one of the
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devoted to Sewing Ma-
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\$10 TO \$20 per day. Agents want-
ed free. A. H. BLAIR & CO., St. Louis, Mo.
Wagon and Blacksmith Shop for Sale.

The shop lately occupied by B. F.
Armstrong, in New Haven village, is
now offered for sale on easy terms. It
is an excellent location, with a good trade
built up.

Inquire of JESSE H. HALLIDAY,
or T. W. SKINNER,
Mexico, N. Y.

LAUNDRY.—The ladies of this village
will be glad to learn that Mrs. B.
Deline has opened a Laundry at her resi-
dence on Spring St. -It is her endeavor
to do work so as in all respects to please
her customers, and she solicits patron-
age.

One and One.

Two little girls are better than one,
Two little boys can double the fun,
Two little birds can build a fine nest,
Two little arms can love mother best.
Two little ponies must go to a span;
Two little pockets has my little man,
Two little eyes to open and close,
Two little ears and one little nose,
Two little elbows dimpled and sweet,
Two little shoes, on two little feet,
Two little lips and one little chin,
Two little cheeks and a rose shut in;
Two little shoulders, chubby and strong,
Two little legs running all day long,
Two little prayers close my darling say,
Twice does he kneel by my side each day—
Two little folded hands, soft and brown,
Two little eyelids cast meekly down,
And two little angels guard him in bed,
"One at the foot, and one at the head."
—Mary Mages Dodge, in St. Nicholas for Sep-
tember.

A QUEER FATHER-IN-LAW.

A MEXICAN LOVE STORY.

The Viceroy of Spain who ruled in
Mexico wielded almost regal power.
They lived sumptuously, and had about
them a miniature court, who yielded
them an obedience that at all times
amounted to servility. Happy was he
who basked in the favor of these gran-
dees. These were the palmy days of the
alcaldes. If they were the friends of the
Viceroy, no amount of fraud, tyranny
or extortion could effect their removal.
These magistrates, like their great su-
periors, were held in awe, but sometimes
with little respect by the population
over which they ruled. Yet the people
in those days were prudent; they did
not have the temerity to grumble, so
prevalent in these latter times; no one
would have thought it a safe or pol-
itic proceeding to have made complaint
against his alcalde. Such a proceeding,
no doubt, would have consigned the un-
happy person to the confines of the cas-
tle of San Juan; that is, if the magis-
trate stood high in official favor. The
alcaldes grew rich apace, even faster than
their masters, for the field in which they
fashioned never had anything left behind
after their plundering.

In the city of Jalapa lived and ruled
one Don Sebastian Alvarez. He had at
the time of our story been alcalde for a
number of years. He was very rich,
very vain and very eccentric; if a Span-
iard can be considered to possess that
peculiarity. He was also very tyranni-
cal, and few there were who would have
ventured to dispute a point with him,
particularly if the matter was of an of-
ficial nature. Don Sebastian had an only
child, a lovely daughter of sixteen years.
It was a matter of surprise (secretly
expressed, of course), how such a vicious
old tyrant could be the father of so gen-
tle and lovely a creature as Senorita
Rosa. Everybody loved her, and she
could not walk abroad without receiving
the smiles and salutations of the popu-
lation composing the city.

Don Sebastian lived in a beautiful
residence surrounded with orange and
lime trees, and his house was a wonder
of luxury.

In Jalapa also lived a poor clerk
named Pablo Montez. He received a
very small salary, but he always ap-
peared contented, and contrived to make a
respectable appearance on his meagre
pay. He possessed the confidence of his
superiors, and was beloved by his equals;
seemed to be happy with his sphere, and
always cheerful. If he did not despise
wealth, he could at least dispense with it.

One day Pablo was sent by his em-
ployer, Don Hernandez (who was a
wealthy man), to the Alcalde Don Se-
bastian Alvarez. As the errand was not
important, the visit was soon over, and
Pablo, having left the alcalde, was pro-
ceeding through the grounds of the
house, with the intention of returning
to his home, when he was suddenly in-
terrupted by a half-dozen servants, who
seized him and began beating him with
sticks. At first he made a vigorous de-
fense, but finding he was powerless
against so great odds, he cried out and
told them they were mistaken, he had
just come from the residence, and gave
them his name and residence. They,
however, did not desist until they had
given him a sound beating, when they
all scattered and ran away.

Furious with rage, he hastened back
to Don Sebastian's residence, with the
purpose of complaining to the alcalde at
such treatment on his premises. He was
met at the door by an old servite, who
took the young man by the arm and
whispered in his ear:

"Draw not upon yourself the hatred
of so powerful a man as Don Sebastian
Alvarez. Do not tempt fate, Begone,
and as quickly as possible, for unless
you do so, nothing will save you from
his vengeance."

"But I must have satisfaction on these
peons," cried Pablo.

"Foolish young man," returned the
old servant. "They but did their mas-
ter's bidding. I heard him give the or-
der myself. Begone ere it is too late."
It was in vain to make further oppo-

sition, so he was obliged to pocket the
disgrace in spite of his just indignation,
and resume his usual employment.

Time, however, can effect a great deal,
and already did this adventure gradually
fade from his memory, when one holiday,
as he was putting on his coat to go
abroad, there came a knock at his door,
and on answering it he was astonished
to find the major-domo of Don Sebastian
Alvarez standing before him.

"I come," said the man, bowing very
low, "from the alcalde."

Pablo's face grew very red.

"What would the barbarian have with
me?"

"Senor," replied the major-domo, still
bowing, "the alcalde expects you at his
residence."

"But I will not go to him," cried
Pablo.

"Yes, you will," returned the messen-
ger, "and it will be better if you go vol-
untarily."

"But suppose I do not choose to do
so?" asked Pablo.

The major-domo pointed over his
shoulder in the direction of the street
corner, as he replied, "I have a couple
of stout fellows there who will take
you. Come, do not make me use force?"

"By what right does Don Sebastian
Alvarez commit this second outrage
upon me?" inquired Pablo, with hot an-
ger.

"How can I tell?" replied the major-
domo. "It is his pleasure, and you very
well know that everything yields to that
in Jalapa at least."

Pablo hesitated.

"Come, be a good fellow," said the
major-domo. "Do not suffer yourself to
be dragged along the street like a crim-
inal. Think how it will look, and tell
you the truth, the alcalde seems in good
spirits. Although I don't know the ob-
ject of his sending for you, yet of this I
am certain, you have nothing to fear.

When Don Sebastian wishes to punish a
man, he generally lets us all know it.
We never make a mistake then."

Pablo resolved to brave the issue.
Assuming a firm and tranquil air, he ac-
companied the messenger to the alcalde's
house. He was at once conducted to
Don Sebastian's presence. His eyes
sparkled with anger when he saw his
enemy, and involuntarily he clenched
his fists. Don Sebastian received him
with open arms, and embraced him sev-
eral times.

"I am so happy to see you," cried the
alcalde.

Pablo regarded him with astonish-
ment, and thought he had gone crazy.

"You are angry with me," cried Don
Sebastian. "I played you a mean trick.
I am sorry for it, and beg your pardon.
Come, let us be better friends in the fu-
ture; you shall spend the rest of the
day with me. Here take a cigarette.

In future a plate shall be placed every
Sunday for you at my table. If you do
not come voluntarily, I shall bring you
by force. This is the new fancy that I
have taken into my head. You are sur-
prised. Oh! well, I do not mind that.
You have got to choose between my
friendship and my enmity. Will you
come? Every Sunday, mind!"

"I will," replied Pablo, still regarding
the magistrate with astonishment.

"Ah! you are no fool—ha! ha! ha!"
laughed Don Sebastian.

Pablo spent the day with the alcalde,
who placed him at the table beside his
daughter. She was acquainted with her
father's treatment of the young man, and
had employed her influence to induce
him to make amends for it. Joy at her
success heightened her beauty at that
moment. Pablo was struck by it, and
it penetrated his heart. He could scarcely
believe he was by the side of the lovely
girl whom gallant men looked at from a
distance, and few of whom ventured to
approach with their homage. How could
he help being transported with her kind-
ness, and forgetting all that had passed?
He was agreeable, amiable, and easy it
was for him to be, for he was happy.

The day that Pablo first dined with Don
Sebastian Alvarez there were several
distinguished town folk also at table, who
were much surprised at the attention
which the alcalde and his daughter lav-
ished on the obscure Pablo Montez.
They felt some degree of envy at the
circumstance, but were compelled to ad-
mit that a very poor fellow may some-
times be rich in mental endowments.

Every Sunday found Pablo at Don
Sebastian's residence. A secret charm
drew him thither, and the gracious re-
ception he met with from Senorita Rosa
produced pleasurable emotions in his
heart. In the course of time he became
the favorite of the man whom he once
thought he was bound to hate as long as
he lived.

But while Don Sebastian courted the
society of Pablo, he never once offered
to assist him in any manner whatever.
A word from him could have secured the
young man a position under the Govern-
ment that would have paid him a liberal
salary. Don Sebastian could have pro-
vided a powerful patron, but he did not
seem to evince any intention of doing
Pablo a service.

One day he had been out riding, and

was entering Jalapa by the road that
runs out of the north-west portion of the
city. A mile outside the town, and one
traveling by this route ascends quite an
elevation. Don Sebastian was riding
his favorite mule, and the animal was re-
spondent with the amount of silver
trappings by which he was covered. For
a moment the alcalde halted his animal
to gaze down at the city beneath his feet.
As he did so he heard the clatter of
hoofs behind him, and the next moment
Pablo Montez rode up. After the usual
salutations the alcalde inquired of the
young man whither he had been, and on
being told he had visited (on business) a
neighboring hacienda, Don Sebastian rode
forward with Pablo by his side. They
chatted away on common-place topics
until they entered the town, when the
alcalde suddenly exclaimed:

"Ah! I came near forgetting. I wish
to see you at my house this afternoon."

Pablo's visits had hitherto been con-
fined to Sundays; he therefore felt a
little surprised, but promised to be there.
When he arrived, the alcalde was walk-
ing up and down the veranda, smoking
cigarettes.

"Welcome," cried he, taking Pablo by
both his hands and drawing him within
doors.

"Send my daughter here," he said, ad-
dressing a servant.

In a few moments the young lady ap-
peared, and Don Sebastian beckoned her
to approach; then turning to Pablo, he
said:

"Senor, I have a little proposal to
make you, which you must not refuse. I
wish you to marry; I have selected a
good match for you; the lady has beauty
and some property. Here she is."

Pablo's emotion and joy may be better
imagined than expressed. He was on
the point of throwing himself at the feet
of the alcalde to express his gratitude,
when the magistrate sternly bid him
arise.

The following day Don Sebastian gave
a feast, and announced to his guests that
they were assembled to witness the mar-
riage of his daughter with Senor Pablo
Montez. The consternation this speech
caused, set the town in a buzz. All eyes
were turned upon the young man who
sat at the alcalde's right hand, and some
looks not at all gracious were directed
toward him.

The vesper bells had not rung when
the bridal party issued from the alcalde's
gate and entered the church a square dis-
tance. When the ceremony was over,
Don Sebastian embraced the couple, say-
ing:

"I am sleepy, my children, and must
go home. Pablo, take your wife home; I
will see you another often."

Pablo at first smiled, and thought this
was one of the alcalde's jokes; but he
soon found that his father-in-law was
serious. Therefore he took his bride to
his humble lodgings, and she appeared
perfectly contented for she loved her
husband. Here she lived, never com-
plaining, and forgetting the past splen-
dor of her father's house, she bent her
mind to make her lowly home happy.

For two years Pablo struggled to sup-
port his wife, and was barely able to suc-
ceed. During this period Don Sebastian
had never offered them assistance, or
even sympathy in their poverty. The
anxiety of the pair daily increased, and
Rosa, for the first time, shed some tears.

The anniversary of the alcalde's birth-
day arrived, and Pablo and his wife at-
tended the dinner. Their hearts were
sad, for they were becoming poorer each
year they lived.

At eventide, when they were about to
return to their home, Don Sebastian
called out:

"Stop, my children, I have forgotten
something," and he handed Pablo a
package.

"Look at it when you get home. Good
night."

MEXICO INDEPENDENT

MEXICO, THURSDAY, AUG. 27, 1874.

Seven hundred ships, 1,200 tons each, are estimated necessary to transport the California grain crop to Europe; only 550 sail can be reckoned on.

The Democratic State Central Committee met at Saratoga on Friday last, and decided to call the State Convention on the 16th of September, at Syracuse.

One of the interesting features of the State Fair will be Seth Green's tent, where will be properly displayed and explained the whole process of pisciculture. The tent will be forty feet in diameter.

The Great Western Railway Company of England has abandoned the broad for the narrow gauge. The change of gauge of the whole line was effected in three days, and with it ends the broad-gauge system in Great Britain.

Temperance is encouraged in the British navy by giving the men who do not want grog its equivalent in tea and sugar or in money. Nearly all the strictly temperate men in the navy wear a good conduct stripe.

A contract for the service of two hundred convicts at Auburn, at the term five cents per day per man, for the term of two years, has been awarded by the board of inspectors, to Messrs. Barber, Dunn & Co., shoe manufacturers at the prison. The firm have twenty days extra time to organize their working force.

During the past four years there has been a remarkable increase in the wheat production of Nebraska. In 1869, the first year in which wheat culture received any special attention in that region, the total product was but 148,867 bushels. The product for 1873 was 3,000,000, notwithstanding the fact that it was an unfavorable year for agriculture.

China has an ancient grudge against Japan, and the Japanese expedition to Formosa is reported as likely to be an occasion of war. And the fact that two Americans, one a consular officer and the other a naval officer, both on leave of absence, and one as diplomatic agent in the interest of peace, accompanied the expedition, is remonstrated against by the Chinese as a violation of international law.

A Committee of the Canadian Senate has reported on certain petitions for a prohibitory liquor law, which were presented with over 300,000 signatures. They find that Canada derives over \$3,000,000 a year revenue from the liquor traffic, and that about one-half the crimes committed are the result of intemperance, while drunkenness is rapidly increasing, especially in the large cities.

Judge Dillon, of the United States Court, has rendered a decision in the famous Osage ceded land case in favor of the settlers. This case covers title to nearly one million acres of land, on which are located the homes of nearly 30,000 people, claimed by the Leavenworth, Lawrence & Galveston, and the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railway companies. The case will probably be carried to the Supreme Court.

The Boston Board of Health have instituted an analysis of various articles of common consumption. They find sugar absolutely free from pernicious mixtures, and the popular notions that sugar is extensively mixed with flour and sand, to be unsupported by facts. Confectionery, according to their report, is vilely mixed with poisons; and the white candies are composed largely of alum and plaster of Paris. Seven samples of coffee were examined, and all, save one, were grossly adulterated. Teas, especially cheap black teas, were found to be in the same evil case. Hair dyes and skin enamels prove to be slow poisons.

Capt. Merrimon, of the Revenue Marine Service, is about to start West to select life-saving sites on the lakes. There are to be sixteen complete life-saving and thirteen life-boat stations established on these shores. Four of these will be on Lake Ontario, five on Lake Erie, four on Lake Superior, and sixteen on Lake Michigan. Capt. Merrimon is also to locate five new stations on the coast of Virginia, five houses of refuge in Florida, one station in Oregon, three on the coast of Washington Territory, and four on that of California. Every one will rejoice in these humane enterprises.

The American velocipede seems to have disappeared, but the Englishman at home still keeps his bicycle. The Middlesex Bicycle Club recently raced for the captaincy and subcaptaincy, all the way from Bath to London, a distance of 106 miles. The time made by Walker, the winner of the race, is one hour less than the fastest stage coach ever performed the journey from London to Bath in, and is the best bicycle traveling on record, his pace exceeding ten and a half miles per hour, including stoppages. Mr. Sparrow, the starter, although upward of fifty years of age, followed the competitors on his bicycle, and performed the whole journey in fifteen hours, including stoppages.

News of the Week.

The four-mile race at Saratoga, Thursday, was won by Followercraft, Wanderer second, Katie Pease third; the time was 7:19, a quarter of a second better than Lexington's time.

Judge Sanford E. Church positively declines being the democratic candidate for Governor.

Judge Blatchford, of New York, has decided that the United States district attorney is entitled to two per cent. and the United States Court clerk one per cent. in all moneys recovered in custom-house seizure suits notwithstanding the moiety law.

The English government has received advices that the Spanish Republicans fired on the English ship Fly, off the north coast of Spain.

Marshall Bazaine denies that he had any accomplices in his escape, and any assistance from his wife and nephew. He escaped because of the humiliating prison regulations, and because he had not been tried by his peers. The French government will vigorously prosecute the judicial proceedings in relation to the escape of Marshal Bazaine.

Two German men-of-war have sailed from Plymouth to Spain.

James Freeman, the Philadelphia diamond robber, was brought into court, Saturday, to be sentenced, but jumped out of the window and escaped.

Saturday, the government shipped twenty millions of the new loan to Rothschild of the Seligman syndicate.

Gov. Osborne, of Kansas, telegraphs to Washington that the Osage Indians have declared war, and that the State is poorly prepared to combat them.

The Collingwood, was burned at Colling's Inlet, Thursday; a deck hand named Campbell perished.

J. W. Porter, of Illinois, has been appointed Superintendent of the Treasury Department, vice Hurston, resigned.

There was a disastrous typhoon at Nagasaki, China, Thursday; several lives were lost.

The French government has begun proceedings against three Paris journals, for publishing Bazaine's letter concerning his escape.

The refusal of Russia to recognize the Spanish republic causes the other powers to delay complete recognition; Austria and Germany have sent credentials to their representatives at Madrid.

Wednesday a package containing \$2,000 was snatched from the hands of Edward Downing, while he was coming from a bank in New York.

State Treasurer Raines has been reinstated.

The Commercial says the favorable account coming daily to hand relative to the harvest in Europe has materially depressed the price of flour and wheat, the former showing a decline of 25 to 50 cents per barrel, and the latter 5 to 10 cents per bushel.

The Wyoming and Lackawanna Valley Coal Companies have stopped business until September; 20,000 men and boys are thrown out of employment.

A rise in the Mississippi broke the boom above St. Anthony's Falls, Sunday night, and let \$12,000 worth of logs over the falls; considerable damage was done to dams by the escaping logs.

Indian outrages are reported from various points, but nothing of a serious nature has occurred.

A fire in South Bend, Ind., destroyed property to the amount of \$300,000.

The Carlists have extinguished the lights on the Spanish coast between San Sebastian and Bilbao.

At Toronto, Sunday, a boy of ten shot and killed his sister, a young lady of twenty, daughter of Rev. Mr. Day. No cause is assigned for the act.

A colliery explosion near Haully, England, Monday, killed eight miners.

The Le Nord says it would be a bad precedent for Russia to recognize a government founded on a coup d'etat, and wholly without legal sanction. When Marshal Serrano's government completely fulfills the conditions of an established power, Russia will hasten to recognize it.

Becher-Tilton Scandal.

The long statement of Francis D. Moulton, made in reply to Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, will of course be read with intense interest; but we apprehend it will not be found to add anything of much importance to the documents previously in the case. He produces nothing that is equivalent to a confession of adultery on the part of Mr. Beecher, and his explanation of the black-mailing feature of the affair is not satisfactory. He shows, however, that up to the very last moment, in fact up to July 13, 1874, long after Mr. Beecher discovered that he had been blackmailed, he was writing him letters of the most affectionate and confiding character!

We do not see that this statement will change anybody's opinion upon the main question.—N. Y. Sun

Mr. Tilton has got so far in his suit against Mr. Beecher as to serve the summons and complaint. There is a current opinion that this prosecution is only a sham. It will be a pity if that proves true; for while witnesses do not hear testimony with such a niggard hand, telling just as much or as little as they like, and the accusers insist upon hearing the defense before they develop the case for the prosecution, a court of law seems to be the only power which can find out whether anybody knows anything. We have had enough of scandal, conjectures, inference and hearsay, with threats of disclosures in reserve. Now we should like to have a little sifting of evidence.—N. Y. Tribune.

The papers in the suit against Beecher by Theodore Tilton were served on T. C. Shearman, Beecher's lawyer, Saturday morning. The damages are laid at \$100,000 and the allegations are for criminal cohabitations and conversations with Mrs. Tilton. The counsel for Tilton is said to be preparing complaints for libel against the New York Tribune, New York World, and Brooklyn Eagle.

A great many people have asked us of late, "How do you keep your horse look so sleek and glossy?" We tell them it is the easiest thing in the world; give Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders, two or three times a week.

A gentleman in the eastern part of the State, who was about to have his leg amputated on account of its being bent at right angles and stiff at the knee, heard of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. After using it a short time his leg became straight, and is now as serviceable as the other.

THE BAR-ROOM REMEDY—for all ailments is Rum Bitters, surcharged with *Jesul oil*, a deadly element, rendered more active by the pungent astringents with which it is combined. If your stomach is weak and liver or bowels disordered, strengthen and regulate them with VINEGAR BITTERS, a purely VEGETABLE LAXATIVE AND APERIENT, free from alcohol and capable of infusing new vitality into your exhausted system. 41-4

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Hoofland's German Bitters.

Will cure Dyspepsia. Will cure Liver Complaint. Will cure Pain in the Side. Will cure all Bilious Disorders. Will cure Jaundice. Will cure Malaria. Will cure Indigestion. Will cure Sick-Headache. Will cure Nervous Weakness. Will cure Constipation. Will purify the Blood, and Will strengthen and build you up to vigorous, joyous health.

HOOFLAND'S PODOPHYLLIN PILLS are an active cathartic, operating without nausea or distress. Serviceable in all Bilious Disorders, with Fever.

Prepared by W. L. JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia. Sold by all Druggists.

PRIVATE SCHOOL FOR DEAF-MUTES.

Mrs. L. M. Wayland

Will open her School for Deaf-Mutes (Children,) on the

Second Monday in September, at Her Residence, No. 355, 124th

Street, New York.

Articulation will be taught in cases where it is desired. 42-3m

Smith & Stowell,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

CANADA PINE,

Black Walnut,

And Finishing Ash.

A full assortment of

Dressed |

Lumber,

SHINGLES, LATH, PICKETS

And Fence Posts

Constantly on hand.

Special attention given to

CAR ORDERS,

However Large or Small.

West End of Upper Bridge,

Opposite Delaware, Lackawanna and

Western, and Lake Ontario Shore

Railroad Passenger Depot,

OSWEGO, N. Y.

Practical Education.

THE SYRACUSE

Bryant & Stratton Business College

And Telegraphic Institute

Presents to young men and women unsurpassed

facilities for securing a

"PRACTICAL EDUCATION."

Students can commence at any time.

Separate Department for Telegraphy,

In which the science and practice of the art is

taught specially. Address for circulars, &c.,

MEADS & MADISON.

PROCLAMATION.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,

Oswego Co., N. Y.

Whereas, a Court of Oyer and Terminer is

appointed to be held at the Court House in the city of

Oswego, in and for the county of Oswego, on the

14th day of Sept., 1874. Proclamation is there-

fore hereby made in conformity to a precept to me

directed and delivered by the District Attorney

of Oswego county, on the 24th day of Aug.,

1874, to all persons bound to appear at said

Oyer and Terminer, by recognizance or otherwise, to

appear at such Court, or who have taken any

inquisition or the examination of any prisoner or

witness, are required to return such recognizance,

inquisition and examination to the said Court, at the

opening thereof, on the first day of its sitting.

Given under my hand this 24th day of August, 1874.

HENRY H. LYMAN, Sheriff.

Wagon and Blacksmith Shop for Sale.

The shop lately occupied by B. F. Armstrong, in New

Haven village, is now offered for sale on easy terms.

It is an excellent location, with a good trade

built up.

Inquire of JESSE H. HALLIDAY,

or T. W. SKINNER,

at 26 Mexico, N. Y.

Groceries, Crockery.

COBB BROS.

NEW FIRM. NEW GOODS. NEW PRICES.

Having purchased the interest of J. HOOSE, in the old stand, we are ready to sell every thing in our line, consisting of

Groceries, Provisions, Fruits, Fish, CROCKERY, GLASS WARE, PLATED WARE, LAMPS, &c., &c.,

Cheaper than Ever Before.

Having fitted up and arranged our store, we wish to make a

SPECIALTY IN

TEAS & CROCKERY

And ask a liberal patronage of our old customers.

LET EVERYBODY TRY OUR \$1.00 JAP. TEA,

Warranted the best stock in town.

Come and see the new Chandeliers, Vases, Lamps, &c.

We Sell Sets of Crockery from \$7 to \$15

Warranting the goods to be No. 1.

We sell no SECONDS or CRAZED WARE.

We intend our store to be one of the best in the County, and shall spare no pains to make it attractive to the ladies who wish to inspect our samples.

L. B. COBB. J. J. COBB.

Mexico, June 10, 1874. 34

TRAVELERS' TRAVELERS' TRAVELERS'

Good News

TO

Purchasers of

Building Material.

Homer Ames

Mexico, N. Y., Manufacturer of

DOORS,

The largest and best assortment ever in

the Town of Mexico for

Only \$1.50

and upwards. Different styles of sash

and circular doors made to order on the

shortest notice.

FRAMES.

Door Frames, Window Frames, Store

Fronts, &c., &c., on hand and made to

order with dispatch.

SASH.

Assortment complete and made to

order with promptness. Sash painted

and glass set when ordered to do so.

BLINDS.

Having added a new Blind Slat Ten-

on Machine to my works, I am now

enabled to fill orders for 25 to 30 cents

per foot. Door Blinds, Inside Shutters,

&c., &c., made to order on the most rea-

sonable terms.

MOULDINGS.

With the best and most complete as-

sortment of kinds, I am enabled to give

better satisfaction than any one in the

country.

SCROLL SAWING.

All kinds and styles done on the

shortest notice.

TURNING.

Of every description done with dis-

patch, with prices to suit the times and

to please all.

All kinds of Job Printing neatly done at this Office

CASH Paid for BUTTER and Eggs. J. HOOSE. Mexico, June 1, 1874.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

POSTPONEMENT

FIFTH & Last GIFT CONCERT

IN AID OF THE

Public Library of Ky.

DAY FIXED

AND

A Full Drawing Assured

Monday, Nov. 30, 1874.

LAST CHANCE

FOR

An Easy Fortune!

A postponement of the Fifth Concert of the

Public Library of Kentucky has been so gener-

ally anticipated, and so much desired for the

interest of all concerned, that it must meet the

approval of all. The day is now absolutely fixed

and there will be no variation from the pro-

gramme now announced. A sufficient number of

tickets had been sold to have enabled us to have

had a large drawing on the 31st July, but a short

postponement was considered preferable to a partial

drawing. Let it be borne in mind that

the Fifth Gift Concert

IS THE LAST WHICH WILL EVER BE

GIVEN UNDER THIS CHARTER AND

BY THE PRESENT MANAGEMENT.

That it will positively and unequivocally take

place as announced

Monday, 30th November,

that the music will be the best the country af-

for, and that

20,000 CASH GIFTS,

AGGREGATING

\$250,000!

will be distributed by lot among the ticket

holders.

LIST OF GIFTS:

One Grand Cash Gift, \$250,000

One Grand Cash Gift, 100,000

One Grand Cash Gift, 75,000

One Grand Cash Gift, 50,000

One Grand Cash Gift, 25,000

2 Cash Gifts, \$20,000 each, 100,000

10 Cash Gifts, 14,000 each, 140,000

15 Cash Gifts, 10,000 each, 150,000

20 Cash Gifts, 5,000 each, 100,000

2

HOME AND COUNTY.

Teachers' Institute.

The annual "Teachers' Institute" for Oswego County, will be held in Salmon's Hall, Fulton, commencing Monday, Aug. 31st, 1874, and continue two weeks. We have secured the appointment of Prof. F. A. Allen, of Mansfield, Pa., as Instructor, well known as one of the most successful of Institute Conductors in this country. Miss Ellen Willis, of Fentonville, also favorably known, will be the assistant.

An examination of teachers will be held at the Hall, on Saturday, Sept. 5th.

Teachers, on arriving, will please report at the Hall, when boarding places will be assigned if desired. Board can be obtained at the principal Hotels at one dollar per day, and in families at fifty cents. Arrangements are being made for reduced fare on the railroad. We hope all the teachers of the county will be present, and that the trustees of such schools as may be in session at that time, will not only consent, but insist that their teachers attend the institute.

Prof. Allen is very anxious that the teachers shall all be present at the opening, and the Commissioners hope he may be gratified in that respect.

Upon application at the Midland ticket office, "Excursion Tickets" will be issued at reduced rates to teachers going to the Institute.

J. W. MARSH, }
W. B. HOWARD, } Com.
J. W. LADD, }

Real Estate Sales.

Julia E. Adams to James Robertson, et al., 133 1/2 acres in Albion, \$5,340. April, 1874.

Arnold Hollon to Thomas Henderson, lot in Sand Bank, \$125. July, 1874.

Hilbert Barnes to Russell Waite, 18 44-100 acres in Albion, \$425. September, 1874.

Samuel V. Vanorden to Jane E. Tillson, parcels of land in Parish, \$1,600. August, 1873.

Joseph I. Bicknell to Fernando B. Castor, 100 acres in Redfield, \$450. Aug., 1872.

Fernando B. Carter to Theodore Carter, 100 acres in Redfield, \$150. July, 1874.

The Republican Caucus.

There was a very large attendance at the Republican caucus held in this village on Thursday last, and much interest manifested. The following district delegates in favor of Col. Warner for member of Congress were elected by a vote of 251 against 92 for the Fort ticket: District Delegates—T. W. Skinner, E. L. Huntington, Lester Seeley, A. B. Lamson, William Chapman, Frank Smith, Jones Clark.

County Delegates—L. F. Alfred, W. J. Menor, J. M. Wing, Aaron Dennis, G. G. French, A. Richardson, F. Meyers.

Town Committee—T. W. Skinner, G. P. Johnson, James D. Clark.

I. O. of G. T.

The session of the Oswego County Lodge, I. O. of G. T. was held at Hastings, Sunday and Wednesday of this week, August 18 and 19. Nine lodges were represented. J. N. Hicks, of Sand Creek, addressed the meeting from Daniel, Chapter 1, 8th and 9th verses inclusive, showing the advantages of early piety and temperance in the formation of character. George Dowd, Jr., of Syracuse, also addressed the meeting very ably on the subject of Temperance. The Lodge enjoyed a fine entertainment. The next session will be held at Bernhardt's Bay, November 17 and 18, 1874.

Mrs. LYMAN COATS, C. S.

CORNELL UNIVERSITY.—An examination of applicants for "Free Scholarship" in Cornell University will be held at the Lewis House, Fulton, Thursday, Sept. 3d, 1874, at 2 p. m.

I. W. MARSH,
W. B. HOWARD,
J. W. LADD,
School Com's.

NEW HAVEN REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.—At the Republican Caucus held at New Haven, on Thursday evening last, the following district delegates favorable to the nomination of Mr. Fort for Congress were elected: H. J. Daggett, S. B. Tuller, T. H. Austin, H. B. Allen, S. O. Wilmarth, E. G. Hewitt. The above delegates will also serve at the County Convention.

WHERE IS BERTH?—A postal card was received by Alderman Thomas on Friday, from a Fulton, Oswego county man, offering to sell him an unlimited number of eels alive at five cents per pound! This offer is made every year. The card should be forwarded to President Bergh of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals and Birds. *Union Herald.*

A BEAUTIFUL PICTURE.—A few days since we saw a beautiful painting ("Beatrice") by Miss Emma N. Beebe, of this village. It is copied from a chromo, and is a painting of rare excellence. We understand that Miss Beebe will give lessons in painting at the Academy this term. Those who have heretofore been under her instruction have made rapid progress, and some of them have produced paintings of great merit.

ONE who writes both gracefully and forcibly: "I would be glad to see more parents understand that when they spend money judiciously to improve and beautify the house and grounds about it, they are paying their children a premium to stay at home as much as possible to enjoy it; but when they spend money unnecessarily on fine clothing and jewelry for their children they are paying them a premium to spend their time from home, that is in those places where they can attract the most attention and make the most display."

Don't pay traveling agents 18 cents per foot for Eve Trough, as you can get better quality for 10 cents of 42-3w. B. S. STONE & Co.

Smith & Stowell, of Oswego, have an advertisement in another column that is of interest to all who need lumber, shingles, lath, pickets, fence posts, &c.

For Stoves go to Brooks'.

Firemen's State Convention.

The Firemen's State Convention was held in Oswego on the 18th and 19th of this month. On the second day a review and parade of the Oswego Fire Department was to take place. The Protection Engine Co., and Wide Awake Hose Co., of Mexico, received an invitation to come to Oswego and take part in the parade. The invitation was received on Tuesday evening, the 18th, giving us such short notice that only a part of the companies went, about 30 in all. We took our hose cart along with us. We were handsomely received by the Halcyon Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1, (Richard O'Neal, foreman), who provided themselves very hospitable and did all in their power to make the day pleasant to one and all. The rooms of all the companies in the city were open to visiting firemen, and by some of the companies a light collation was served to visitors.

At 1.30 p. m., the procession, about one mile in length, formed on West First St. The Oswego firemen are a manly set of fellows, who look as though they would battle fearlessly with the enemy, and make themselves "Ignis Rex," the motto of one of the companies.

During the parade our hose cart was drawn by the Halcyon Company, who, in fact, monopolized it most of the time. Most of us took dinner at the Hamilton House, where we were hospitably entertained by mine host Stacy. As to the excellency of the dinner, ask our officers—they had to pay no more for their dinner than any of the rest of us, thanks to mine host. The convention, which was held for the purpose of the furthering the interest of firemen in the State, was of considerable interest throughout. About one hundred delegates were in attendance. The convention next year is to be held in Poughkeepsie.

The grand complimentary ball given in the evening by the Oswego Fire Department was a magnificent affair.

SECRETARY.

Extracts from a Letter from Mr. Waugh.

GEORGETOWN, Colorado, Aug. 9, '74. I am still improving in health and strength. I am about fifty miles from Denver at Georgetown, in among the mountains. There is one mountain, called the Republican, which is 2,000 feet above Georgetown. Georgetown is 3,150 feet above the level of the sea. Gray's Peak, the highest mountain, is 14,450 feet above the level of the sea. I think after I have been here a few days more and get acclimated I shall try to ascend Gray's Peak, which is done every few days by parties coming from all parts of the States. The only way to ascend to the top is riding a jack.

Georgetown is in a little valley between two mountains and by the side of a stream of water, as are all such little towns among the mountains. This stream, in running from here to Denver, passes through a small town in the valley called Idaho Springs. It is known as Colorado Hot Springs; the water boils out of the ground at a temperature of 110°. There are conveniences for bathing and many come here and stop for a length of time for health and pleasure in mid summer.

The valley in which Georgetown is built, is 1,350 feet wide, with about 2,000 inhabitants. On one side is the Republican mountain, 2,000 feet high, on the other side is the Summit, 3,100 feet above the valley; so if either of these mountains should chance to fall, the town would be buried so deep there would be no use to look after it or any part of it. I cannot see the sun in the morning until half past seven and it is out of sight by half past five p. m. We came from Denver here by railroad 38 miles and 12 miles by stage. The railroad is a three foot gauge; the engine and cars in proportion to the track. The road is very crooked; one can look ahead 300 feet; it looks as though the cars were going into a high mountain, and looking the same distance back you can see where the cars came from. So they wind around with the stream, called Clear Creek, for two thirds of the way, the balance by stage drawn by four and six horses. There are three different coaches, about one hour apart.

I staid at Georgetown ten days. The air is very fine and cool, it being very much higher than Denver. Myself and two gentlemen from Ohio went on the top of Gray's Peak. Leaving Georgetown at 7 a. m., we arrived at the top of the mountain at 1 p. m., a distance of 14 miles, an elevation of 5,995 feet. We took our dinner with us and ate it on the highest point of Gray's Peak, 14,450 feet above the level of the sea, the highest point I ever expected to reach. I always thought if I ever got very high in this world I should have to work for it, and I think I had to work some that way. We took two horses and a market wagon, put in two saddles, drove twelve miles, took off the harness, saddled the horses and started on, one of the company on foot, the other two on horseback, changing around. Within 1200 or 1500 feet we tied our horses to a rock, and climbed to the top, had a grand view of the country and mountains for one hundred miles, and returned to Georgetown ten o'clock in the evening. One of the men with me weighed 195 lbs; he was nearly used up. The other's weight was 130; they allowed that they should never see the top of Gray's Peak again. They had made the remark that I would be the failing one of the company, if any, but I was the first to reach the top. I think I could have made the trip the next day, but would not care to, for my weight when I left home was 120 in a heavy suit; now I am weighing 125 with my light summer suit, a difference of nearly 10 pounds weight. Colorado is a great place for asthma. F. WAUGH.

ORGAN FOR SALE.—First-class reed-organ for sale. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. J. H. COCAONE, Academy, Mexico.

WEST AMBOY.—On Sunday next a meeting will be held in behalf of the Sunday-school cause at the church in West Amboy, at 2 p. m. The Amboy Center school is also expected to be present. An address will be given by a Sunday-school worker of Mexico. At the same church, the same evening, a talk will be given on "Our Country and our Obligations."

Brooks keeps on hand Sash, Doors, Blinds, Window Glass. Give him a call.

Be sure and stop as you go by Cobb Bros., see their pyramid of Porcelain and Vases. 32.

Third Assembly District Convention.

The Third Assembly District Convention was held in Pulaski on Saturday. T. W. Skinner was chairman, Byron Helme and William Chapman, Secretaries.

DELEGATES: Amboy—John Jamison, G. W. Sergeant, N. A. Gardner, J. W. Foils. Albion—F. Comstock, C. Campbell, A. J. Shelley, St. J. B. Sanborn, O. A. Rice, Byron Helme. Boystown—F. J. Hunt, D. Hamer, W. A. Snyder, L. Hoffstadter, J. Crandall. Mexico—T. W. Skinner, E. L. Huntington, L. Seeley, A. L. Sampson, W. Chapman, Frank Smith, J. D. Clark. New Haven—H. J. Daggett, A. B. Tuller, T. H. Austin, H. B. Allen, S. O. Wilmarth, E. G. Hewitt. Orwell—A. D. Bonner, H. J. Stowell, H. Parker, J. J. Hollis, R. Snyder. Parish—R. W. Slayton, H. A. Davey, Amos House, E. G. Lynch, D. Edick, Wm. DeWolf. Richmond—W. B. Dixon, L. Sing, W. H. Lester, C. R. Dickinson, T. Lamb, S. C. Huntington. Redfield—J. C. Thompson, D. Halbert, G. A. Clark, L. Gaylord, Silas Allen. Sandy Creek—J. L. Bulky, H. A. Leavenworth, J. E. Robbins, A. Chapin, P. H. Powers, E. C. Upton. Williamstown—C. S. Sage, N. Groves, S. G. Potts, J. L. Sage, Albert House.

TOWN COMMITTEES: Amboy—D. J. Wilson, C. T. Stanton, Wm. C. Gowdy. Albion—Byron Helme, John R. Marston, C. Campbell. Boystown—A. Fuller, Henry A. Johnson, David Rudd. Mexico—T. W. Skinner, George P. Johnson, J. D. Clark. New Haven—H. B. Allen, D. L. Nichols, Augustus Rowe. Orwell—J. S. Platt, R. N. Sawyer, H. J. Stowell. Parish—R. W. Slayton, H. A. Davey, J. J. Taylor. Richmond—Wm. H. Lester, J. W. Fenton, M. S. Hollis. Redfield—David Hulbert, S. P. Farmer, Lyman Gaylord. Sandy Creek—J. L. Bulky, P. H. Powers, E. C. Upton. Williamstown—S. G. Potts, N. Groves, J. L. Sage.

Albion presenting two sets of delegates, the following were appointed a committee to examine credentials, take proof and report to the Convention: Hon. J. L. Bulky, John Jamison and C. S. Sage. The committee reported unanimously that while they deprecated the fact that some Democrats voted at the caucus, yet after deducting all that were claimed by the contesting delegation, it still left a large majority in favor of the delegation of which Chas. F. Comstock was chairman, whereupon the report of the committee was accepted and unanimously adopted.

The following delegates were then elected unanimously: Delegate to Judicial Convention: S. C. Huntington, alternate T. W. Skinner. State Delegates: J. L. Bulky, T. W. Skinner, A. J. Shelley. Upon balloting for Congressional Delegates the following gentlemen, having received 43 votes against 19, were declared elected: Congressional Delegates—H. L. Howe, E. L. Huntington, C. S. Sage, St. John B. Sanborn, J. C. Thompson.

Upon an informal ballot for a candidate for Member of Assembly, Henry J. Daggett received 41 votes, J. S. Gardner 18, Burns E. Parkhurst, 3. Whereupon on motion of J. C. Thompson, was unanimously nominated for Member of Assembly.

The following were elected District Committee: Chas. F. Comstock, E. G. Lynch, J. C. Thompson.

The Convention then adjourned sine die.

T. W. SKINNER, Chairman.
BYRON HELME, WM. CHAPMAN, Sec'y.

Notice. Notice.

When you get your Jelly Cups, see the new patent revolving Jelly Glass at 37 Cobb Bros.

C. F. Brooks, at S. A. Tuller's old stand, keeps on hand a large stock Hardware, Agricultural and Mechanical Implements, &c. 38-4t

The school in District No. 7, Mexico, taught by Miss Helen M. Tisdale, of Union Square, closed on Friday last, when the following pupils received prizes: Fourth Reader class, Alice Alfred and Hattie Lawton; Third Reader, Edith Ladd; Second Reader, Anna Jane Berry; Third class in Spelling, Laura Bennett; Third class in Spelling, Grace Vincent; greatest number of merits, Estelle Dole. Miss Tisdale received from her pupils a set of silver teaspoons, which speaks well for the love they have for her, and the esteem in which she is held by the parents.

A pathetic obituary of a defunct editor begins thus: "When he commenced editorial life he was so poor that he was obliged to edit his paper with a one-bladed pen-knife. After two years of industrious labor he succeeded in securing enough to purchase a pair of shears. His paper visibly improved until the recent panic, when some heartless knave passed a bad ten cent piece on him and he was obliged to go into bankruptcy. It is believed that this was the cause of his untimely death. His assets consisted of a pair of shears and fourteen pounds of bills rendered."

An interesting event occurred at the Church of the Evangelists this forenoon. Milton Harmon, Esq., one of the oldest and most respected citizens of Oswego, was united in marriage to Mrs. Mary Bowne, a respected lady, and also an old resident. The groom is in his 78th year, and the bride has seen about 65 summers. The mayor, as an officer of the church, gave away the bride, and the exercises passed off pleasantly. The happy couple started immediately on a wedding tour to the Thousand Islands and other places of interest.—*One. Times, Monday.*

Mowing Machine Sections of all kinds, and all parts of the Eureka mowing machine kept for sale.

At Brooks'.

Be sure and stop as you go by Cobb Bros., see their pyramid of Porcelain and Vases. 32.

Veterans' Day.

A GREAT CROWD—A GRAND SUCCESS.

(From our own Reporter.)

Among the holidays there is one which belongs especially to Oswego Co., and that is the day of the Soldiers' Reunion. These gatherings are growing in interest from year to year, and the celebration of '74 must be considered the greatest success thus far. Tuesday was a propitious day, with a light breeze and just clouds enough to spoil the sun's influence upon complacencies. By half-past nine there were over two hundred people at the Mexico depot, and still they were coming. They had holiday dresses and picnic baskets and smiling countenances. There was every premonition of a general good time.

Some delay occurring at Oswego, the train was half an hour behind time, and when it did come it was evident that the great uprising of the day had not been anticipated. There was a face in every window, two persons in every seat, and several composed a standing committee in the aisles. Nevertheless a most cordial invitation was extended by passengers to Mexico people to come on and share the accommodations of the train. Perhaps fifty found place, standing on the platform, crowding the aisles or riding on the roofs. Some of the young men rode on the platform car with two sixpounders from Oswego, and got a fine view of the country and valuable information about the nature of cinders. Two hundred and fifty, including the Hunting-Guards, were left behind with the promise that the train should return for them.

Arriving at Pulaski, a procession was immediately formed. The old battle flags were unfurled, three of them in shreds, the others crowded with the proud list of engagements. The line was headed by mounted cavalry, followed by the well known 48th Reg. band of Oswego. The walks were crowded and the streets were filled with carriages. It was a general remark among residents that Pulaski had never seen such a crowd before. Winding around through the business part the procession at last arrived at the Island Grove on the outskirts of the village. Here the veterans dismounted and had a general hand-shaking in front of their respective tents, a tent being raised for each two regiments represented. The reunion was blithely and heartily in the extreme. The old times came back to them, and there were reminiscences on every hand. "Here's the fellow that stole the pig and old G— threw it out the window," and so on with minor adventures which had diversified the stern duty they performed.

The arrival of the Hunting-Guards on the noon train was one of the events of the day. Their fine appearance and excellent drill were the subject of many compliments in the crowd. The procession, which had been waiting for them, formed and marched up town in the following order: Cavalry, Capt. Cole, about 20 in number; 48th Regt. Band; Hunting-Guards; 24th Regt. N. Y. V., 65 in number; 81st Regt. N. Y. V., 25; 147th Regt. 35; 24th Cavalry N. Y. V., 20; 184th Regt. N. Y. V., 20; with about 30 representatives from Barnes' Battery N. Y. V., Ames' Battery N. Y. V., Veterans of the Navy, Gun Squad, Capt. W. L. Veckley, 48th Regiment. A few survivors from the war of 1812 were present in carriages.

At dinner time there was an interesting crush at the hotels, while many spread their own tables on or about the grounds. The salute at one o'clock attracted much attention being performed with the same promptness and mathematical precision as if in actual strife. At three o'clock a large company gathered around the speaker's stand, and after music by the band the President, Gen. Sullivan, introduced Mr. N. B. Smith, who delivered the address of welcome to the citizens of Pulaski. Mr. Smith humorously referred to his character as a conscript and then in a few brief remarks extended a most hearty and cordial greeting.

After a song by the Arion Glee Club, of Mexico, the orator, W. H. Kenyon, of Oswego—formerly of Mexico—was introduced. He referred to the opening of the late contest and the questions it was appointed to solve. Old Oswego county was not long in coming to the front, sending the 24th, battery G, the 81st, company after company and regiment after regiment until she had 12,500 soldiers in the field.

But the strife is now over, and feelings of rancor toward our antagonists should give place to honor for their valor and manly worth. The orator now introduced his theme, the Soldier in History, showing how war in the past had been a final arbitrator, and how well it proved itself an instrument of civilization. But more peaceful methods are being now adopted, and the click on the ratchet wheel of progress tell of no backward movement. The stream of civilization broadened and deepened by the contributions of the past will still further swell and increase in the future. The oration was very thoughtful and scholarly, and delivered in an impressive manner. The exercises concluded with the beautiful song "When You and I were Soldier Boys," by the Arion Glee Club.

At a business meeting held in the Grove, officers for the ensuing year were elected. Gen. Sullivan, Oswego, Pres't; D. F. Schenck, Fulton, Vice President; A. N. Beadle, Pulaski, Secretary; S. D. Pierce, Albion, Treasurer. An executive committee having a member in each town, and a regimental committee having a member in each regiment and battery were elected. It was then resolved to hold the next reunion on the 25th of Aug., 1875, which was followed by an earnest discussion about the place. Fulton seemed the favorite but it was finally left to the committee to decide.

Throughout the day the most perfect order was maintained on the grounds. It was noticed, however, that in a certain part of the town some men fell under a strange influence, making them weak-kneed and pugilistic. Perhaps the mischief was in the atmosphere, certainly it could not have been the water, for many who partook freely suffered no annoyance. Late in the afternoon began an orderly retreat of ten thousand, less memorable it may be than the affair in Greek history, but still of interest to all participants. Every part of the county had contributed to the gathering and the trains from east, west, north and south were crowded. At 6 p. m. a special train ran down to Mexico, and then returning made up the regular westernbound excursion train.

DRIFTS.

—Are you preparing for the Fair?

—It is not true that our reporter had his pocket picked at Pulaski on Tuesday.

—The Utica Herald says that another large hotel is in contemplation at Alexandria Bay.

—Mr. L. Ingalls, formerly of the Watertown Times, has taken charge of the Watertown Post.

—Chester Hull, formerly a prominent citizen of Oswego, died August 24, aged seventy-nine years.

—Mr. George Butler has returned from his vacation. No one in this village deserves a vacation more.

—Mr. H. S. Smith, of Riverton, Ia., with his family, is visiting his father, Mr. Kingsley Smith, of this town.

—Mr. Samuel Dean, of Phoenix, had a valuable horse stolen from his premises one night last week.

—Mr. William Ames is putting up a neat, substantial house. He has worked long and faithfully and deserves one.

—We are glad to know that Mr. Solomon Matthews, though not yet in his usual health, is able to walk out.

—Several of our young men leave for Hamilton College next Monday. The new students are Ned and Carl Stone.

—The fall term of our Academy opened on Tuesday, with good promise of a full school.

—The Methodist Sunday-school is having its picnic at Mexico Point today.

—Prof. S. M. Coon was in town yesterday. He has opened a law office in Central Square. We wish him success.

—E. Rulison has a new plank walk in front of his store, much to the delight of pedestrians.

—George Webb, who has been for some time in New York, has returned on a visit. City life seems to agree with him.

—The Episcopal Sunday-school picnic at Mexico Point yesterday. The day was one of the finest, and all enjoyed it to the utmost.

—Rev. J. P. Stratton returned on Saturday, after an absence of nearly two weeks at Shelter Island, near New York. He occupied his pulpit on Sunday.

—The amount subscribed to date for the building of the new publishing house of the Wesleyan Methodists in Syracuse is more than \$20,000.

—Philo Warner, of Oswego town, has a hen that lays eggs that measure 8 1/2 by 5 1/2. And that hen hasn't got right down to "business" yet either.

—The Sandy Creek News says that the Oswego County Farmers' Insurance Company, of Sandy Creek, is issuing from fifteen to thirty new policies daily.

—The Rome Sentinel says: Fitch's Corners, near Oswego, has a model farm; where dollar onions are raised—the kind that cost a dollar to grow, and sell for a cent.

—Building the new bridge across Salmon Creek, near Toronto Mills, will begin next Monday. Commissioner Green advises all who have been used to draw across, to draw them this week.

—Ladies don't know whether they like smoking or not. With special favorites they like it; with general favorites they don't like it, and with no favorites they detest it.

—A man was fined a dollar for rapid driving over the bridge near Railroad Mills the other day. Perhaps this will be a warning to others who persist in violating the law in this respect.

—There will be a meeting of the Ladies' Sewing Society in the basement of the Universalist church this (Thursday) p. m. There will be ice cream for sale in the evening.

—C. A. Perkins & Co., of Constantia, have failed. They commenced business about three years ago. Their liabilities are \$16,000, property on hand about \$4,000, which leaves them \$12,000 behind.

—We learn that the tents on the camp ground near Pleasant Point will be arranged in a circular form, and the committee request that those having tents fronting the circle will bring lamps to hang in front of each.

—The improvements on the residences of H. C. Peck and J. D. Hartson are fast approaching completion, and when finished these buildings will be an ornament to the village. The work has been done by our own mechanics and speaks for itself.

—Mr. L. F. Alfred has made his annual donation to the printers in the shape of a generous basket of ripe, delicious apples, which we and our printers greatly enjoy. May the Postmaster's shadow never grow less, we hope it will broaden, and may he keep the office as long as he wants it.

—Obstructions, consisting of three planks and several ties, were seen, August 23, by the engineer of the train on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad, due at Oswego at 8:45, in time to prevent a catastrophe. They were undoubtedly placed there to throw the train from the track.

—The Oswego Starch factory having been called upon by the internal revenue authorities to pay a tax on its "orders," which have been used for twelve years past as "currency," it has withdrawn the orders from circulation. These orders have been given to employees every other week, in payment for the week's services.

TEACHERS, ATTENTION!—The R. W. & O., and S. N. Railroads will sell tickets at two cents per mile each way, to teachers attending the County Institute. Please call for return tickets. No free return over these roads.

By Order School Commissioners.

In another column will be found an advertisement concerning the Syracuse Bryant & Stratton Business College and Telegraph Institute. This school offers superior advantages to those desirous of obtaining a business education. We are well acquainted with its principal (Prof. Meads), and know him to be an experienced and successful teacher.

No person can use Boosche's German Syrup without getting immediate relief and cure. We have the first case of Coughs, Colds or Consumption, or of any disease of the Throat and Lungs, yet to hear from that has not been cured. We have distributed every year for three years over 250,000 sample bottles "FREE OF CHARGE" by druggists in all parts of the United States. No other Manufacturers of Medicine ever gave their preparations such a test as this. Go to your Druggist, John C. Taylor, Mexico, and get a bottle for 75 cents and try it—two doses will relieve you. Sample bottles 10 cents.

SEED WHEAT.—Mr. A. Dugan, of Palermo, has left for sale at my mill a quantity of his celebrated seed wheat. Farmers will do well to call and examine it. A. C. THOMAS.

Mexico, Aug. 12, 1873.

No Excuse for being Sick.

TEAS, COFFEES, SUGARS, Fruits, Tobaccos, &c.

Goods delivered Free.

A. S. GIBSON, No. 1 Empire Block, Mexico, (Wadsworth's Old Stand.) 37

HORRIBLE FREAK BY AN INSANE MAN.

HE ATTEMPTS TO KILL HIS WIFE.

Mr. Albert Adams has for the past two years been at times of unaccounted mind. This was caused partly by business troubles. He lives on the "James Lamb farm," situated about 1 1/2 miles south-east of this village.

In June he was placed in the County Insane Asylum by the advice of physicians; but was released after being confined about nine days, on account of the persistent entreaties of his wife and neighbors. Since then he has been at work most of the time on his farm.

For some time past he has frequently said that he was going to be hung. Yesterday afternoon he was thrashing. About 4 p. m. he entered the house and said if he was to be hung he was going to be hung for something. He got a stick of wood 3x3 inches square, seized his wife and attempted to strike her with it, when his adopted daughter, aged about 15 years, grasped his arm, but was unable to stay it. From the wood house they struggled down to the road, when he succeeded in throwing her down. There they attracted the attention of their nearest neighbor, Mr. Titus Kenyon, who at once started to the rescue. Before Mr. Kenyon and another man, whose name we did not succeed in obtaining, reached them, he had dealt four fearful blows upon the top of her head, one on the forehead and one upon her arm below the elbow. Mrs. Bradbury and Johnson were promptly in attendance. They think she will recover. Adams was brought to the Insane Asylum here by Mr. Kenyon. That his intention was to kill her is plainly seen by the appearance of the club used, and, undoubtedly, he would have accomplished his object had it not been for his daughter. This and other shows the folly of opposing medical advice on such subjects, and is a warning worth heeding.

Oswego District Camp Meeting near Pleasant Point.

This meeting is to commence Tuesday, Sept. 1st, and close the fore part of the following week. The ground is a most beautiful one for such a purpose, and lies just west of Pleasant Point, and about one mile from the railroad. Great pains are being taken in cleaning it up, and furnishing it with everything for the convenience and comfort of the meeting. Thus far the arrangements perfected are very satisfactory. The trains will stop at Pleasant Point crossing, where the railroad company have recently built a commodious shed for the permanent accommodation of the place. The fares on the R. & O., the R. W. & O., the S. N., the L. O. S., and the Midland railroads are generously reduced to two cents per mile each way and baggage free. Omnibuses will run to and from each train for the conveyance of passengers and baggage. Mr. S. N. Gustin, of Mexico, has been employed by the committee to do this entire work. He is familiar with such work, and the public need no assurance that he will give entire satisfaction, with no exception. The boarding is to be provided by Mr. S. Nichols, both at this fine boarding-house and also in a boarding-house at the same place. The prices are as follows: single meals \$0.50; board and lodgings in the house \$7.00; Lodging for a single night 50 cents. Board and lodging per single day discounted to twenty cents and families 20 per cent. He will also provide the horse-keeping: Hay 25 cents per day and oats \$1.00 per bushel. Forless time and quantity the prices will be moderate. Pasturing may be obtained at \$1.00 per week on other premises. No huckstering or anything of the kind, will be permitted within the limits prescribed by law. To meet the expenses of the meeting 10 cents will be taken at the gate from each person as entrance fee; for which a ticket for the entire meeting will be given. Children and private carriages will be free. Omnibuses from the surrounding villages will be admitted according to special arrangements with the committee. A good number of ladies and tents have already been selected, and an encouraging degree of interest in the enterprise is being shown. We cordially invite the public to attend the meeting.

B. F. BARKER, Chairman of the Com.

Mexico, Aug. 25, 1874.

Cobb Bros.

Thank

